



99010023001008

Residence permit issued for family reasons for children of foreigners born in Germany

Heruntergeladen am 04.07.2025 https://fimportal.de/xzufi-services/S1000020010000007096/S100002

Modul	Sachverhalt
Leistungsschlüssel	99010023001008
Leistungsbezeichnung I	Residence permit issued for family reasons for children of foreigners born in Germany
Leistungsbezeichnung II	Apply for a residence permit for children born in Germany
Typisierung	3b - Bundesaufsichtsverwaltung: Regelung, Land: Ausführungsvorschriften, Kommune: Vollzug
Quellredaktion	Hamburg
Freigabestatus Katalog	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Freigabestatus Bibliothek	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Begriffe im Kontext	<pre><div lang="en-x-mtfrom-de">eAT</div>, <div lang="en-x-mtfrom-de">Residence permit, birth in Germany</div>, <div lang="en-x-mtfrom-de">Residence permit, child born in Germany</div>, <div lang="en-x-mtfrom-de">Residence permit, newborn</div></pre>





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Leistungstyp	
Leistungsgruppierung	
Verrichtungskennung	
SDG-Informationsbereich	
Lagen Portalverbund	
Einheitlicher Ansprechpartner	Nein
Fachlich freigegeben am	17.04.2024
Fachlich freigegen durch	
Handlungsgrundlage	§ 33 Residence Act (AufenthG) www.gesetze-im-internet.de/aufenthg_2004/33.html Section 72 paragraph 1 number 7 Residence Ordinance (AufenthV) www.gesetze-im-internet.de/aufenthv/72.html
Teaser	If you are a third-country national with a right of residence and have a child in Germany, your child can receive a residence permit.
Volltext	If you are a person of foreign origin who is staying in Germany on the basis of a residence permit and have a child, your child can also receive a residence permit. The responsible authority will usually issue a residence permit for your child without you having to submit an application. Until the responsible authority makes a decision, your child's stay is considered permitted. If it is foreseeable that the responsible authority will not issue a residence permit on its own initiative, you as parents must submit an application for a residence permit. If you as parents are in possession of a visa at the time of your child's birth or are staying in Germany without a visa, your child will be treated as if he or she had a visa or was visa-free. If your child's stay in Germany is to continue after the visa or visa-free period has expired, you should apply to the responsible authority for a residence permit for your child.
Erforderliche Unterlagen	Recognized and valid identity document (e.g. passport





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	or passport substitute) of one or both parents and the child Residence permit, settlement permit or EU long-term residence permit for one or both parents Child's birth certificate or extract from the birth register Current biometric photo of the child in passport format (45 x 35 mm) If the application is submitted by only one parent and both parents have parental custody: Written authorization from the absent parent In individual cases, the competent authority may require less or more evidence.
Voraussetzungen	You as a parent(s) are a national of a country outside the European Union (EU), the European Economic Area (EEA) or Switzerland. At least one parent is in possession of a residence permit, settlement permit or EU long-term residence permit at the time of birth. Your child was born in Germany. At least one parent with custody lives with the child in a family community in Germany.
Kosten	50,00 EUR Lower fees may apply for Turkish nationals. Additional fees may apply for issuing a residence permit in the form of an electronic residence permit (eAT card), which can also be used as electronic proof of identity.
Verfahrensablauf	As a rule, the registration authority informs the responsible authority about the birth of your child. The responsible authority will contact you, as the child's parents, and ask you to submit the necessary documents and/or arrange an appointment to meet with you in person. If the responsible authority does not contact you on its own initiative after the birth of your child, you must apply for a residence permit yourself before your child is six months old. Find out whether the office responsible for you allows you to submit an application online or has a special application form. If you can only submit an application in person, make an appointment. If you submit an application online, the office responsible will contact you after receiving your application to make an appointment. If the residence permit is granted, the responsible authority commissions an external agency to produce an electronic residence permit (eAT card for short). Once the eAT card has been completed, you will





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	receive information and can collect the eAT card in person from the responsible office. If you have submitted an application that is rejected, you will receive a rejection notice.
Bearbeitungsdauer	6 - 8 weeks
Frist	If the responsible authority does not take action on its own initiative, you must submit an application no later than 6 months after the birth of your child.
weiterführende Informationen	https://www.arbeitsagentur.de/hamburg https://www.arbeitsagentur.de/hamburg https://www.hamburg.de/politik-und-verwaltung/beho erden/behoerde-fuer-wissenschaft-forschung-gleichste llung-und-bezirke/standorte-auslaenderangelegenheite n-589946 https://www.hamburg.de/service/suche/?query=auslae nderangelegenheiten https://www.hamburg.de/politik-und-verwaltung/beho erden/behoerde-fuer-inneres-und-sport/visumverfahre n-hinweise-92086 https://www.hamburg.de/innenbehoerde/visumverfah ren/ https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/aufenthg_2004/ind ex.html https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/aufenthg_2004/ind ex.html https://serviceportal.hamburg.de/HamburgGateway/Se rvice/Entry/AFM_Aufgen https://serviceportal.hamburg.de/HamburgGateway/Se rvice/Entry/AFM_Aufgen
Hinweise	The procedure is usually carried out in German. If you do not have sufficient knowledge of German, it may be useful to have someone help you who can translate for you.
Rechtsbehelf	Contradiction
Kurztext	Apply for a residence permit for children born in Germany. A child born in Germany to parents of foreign origin can obtain a residence permit. Parents must have a residence permit, settlement permit or permanent EU residence permit at the time of birth. The responsible authority usually takes action on its





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	own initiative; no application needs to be submitted An application only needs to be submitted if it is foreseeable that the responsible authority will not issue the residence permit within 6 months after the birth. If the parents are in Germany with a visa or visa-free at the time of birth, the child will also be treated as if it had a visa or was visa-free.
Ansprechpunkt	If you want to find out exactly who is responsible for your request, please follow the link to
	Hamburg Service
Zuständige Stelle	Hamburg services
Formulare	
Ursprungsportal	Hamburg Service, Hamburg Service (Currently this link is only available in german)